AMENDMENTS TO THE SPECIFICATION:

Please amend the paragraph beginning at page 15, line 16, as follows:

Turning back to Figure 1, pinch roller sensor assembly 150 is comprised of the sensor arm 155, the sensor roller 154, the sensor (not shown)152, the pinch roller arm pivot pin 158, the pull spring 159, and the roller sensor cable 156. In the exemplary embodiment, this assembly is pressed against the equipment's pinch roller 40 to detect when the equipment expects the tape to be in motion; and the sensor itself is a commutator/armature affixed to the sensor roller 154.

Please amend the paragraph beginning at page 16, line 1, as follows:

A pinch roller sensor (not illustrated) 152 detects when the equipment expects tape to be in motion. Power and signal to and from the sensor 152 is transmitted through the pinch roller sensor cable 156. In the exemplary embodiment, as indicated above, the sensor 152 is a commutator/armature located on the pinch roller sensor roller 154. There are commutator/armature contact and pickup brushes on the sensor arm 134 connected by the cable 156 through which are sent open/closed circuit signals to the PCB 200. The signals switch between open to closed pulses at a substantially expected rate when the pinch roller sensor roller 154 is in contact with a moving pinch roller 40. The pinch roller 40 spins when it is pressed forward against the moving capstan 50. In "normal" cassette player equipment operation, tape is positioned between the capstan and the pinch roller,

FISCHER et al. Application No. 09/363,411 June 25, 2004

and this is the mechanism by which tape movement is regulated. Of course, with the exemplary emulated cassette device, there is no tape.